

Amitraz (50%) Solid Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

1.0.AU 09.04.2022 10650591-00001 Date of first issue: 09.04.2022

SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name : COOPERS AMITIK CATTLE DIP AND SPRAY

(APVMA 41044)

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Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company : Intervet Australia Pty Limited (trading as MSD Animal Health -

ABN 79 008 467 034

Address : 91-105 Harpin Street

Bendigo 3550, Victoria Austrailia

Telephone : 1 800 033 461

Emergency telephone number : Poisons Information Centre: Phone 13 11 26 from anywhere in

Australia

E-mail address : EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Veterinary product

Restrictions on use : Not applicable

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification

Acute toxicity (Oral) : Category 4

Serious eye damage/eye irri- :

tation

Category 1

Skin sensitisation : Category 1

Germ cell mutagenicity : Category 2

Carcinogenicity : Category 1B

Specific target organ toxicity - :

repeated exposure

Category 2 (Liver, Central nervous system)

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms

(!)

Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H302 Harmful if swallowed.



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H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects.

H350 May cause cancer.

H373 May cause damage to organs (Liver, Central nervous

system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary statements

Prevention:

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P260 Do not breathe dust.

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

Response:

P301 + P312 + P330 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.

Storage:

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
amitraz (ISO)	33089-61-1	>= 30 -< 60
Calcium carbonate	471-34-1	>= 30 -< 60
Nonylphenol, ethoxylated	9016-45-9	>= 1 -< 3
Paraf ormaldehyde	30525-89-4	>= 1 -< 3



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SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical ad-

vice immediately.

When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical

advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.

Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water.

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.

Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse.

Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact : In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water

for at least 15 minutes.

If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn.

Get medical attention immediately.

If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.

Get medical attention.

Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Most important symptoms

and effects, both acute and

delayed

Harmful if swallowed.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Causes serious eye damage.

Suspected of causing genetic defects.

May cause cancer.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection,

and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray

Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

None known.

Specific hazards during fire-

fighting

Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient

concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a

potential dust explosion hazard.

Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion prod- :

ucts

Carbon oxides

Sulphur oxides Metal oxides

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment.

Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do



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SO.

Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment:

for firefighters

Hazchem Code

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Use personal protective equipment.

em Code : 2

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protec- :

tive equipment and emer-

gency procedures

Use personal protective equipment.

Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal pro-

tective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions : Avoid release to the environment.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable con-

tainer for disposal.

Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces

with compressed air).

Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to deter-

mine which regulations are applicable.

Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding

certain local or national requirements.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures : Static electricity may accumulate and ignite suspended dust

causing an explosion.

Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding

and bonding, or inert atmospheres.

Local/Total ventilation : If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust

ventilation.

Advice on safe handling : Do not get on skin or clothing.

Do not breathe dust. Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes.

Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure as-

sessment

Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from water. Protect from moisture.

Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Keep container closed when not in use. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.



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Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the

environment.

Hygiene measures : If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye

flushing systems and safety showers close to the working

place

When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the

workplace.

Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the

use of administrative controls.

Conditions for safe storage : Keep in properly labelled containers.

Store locked up. Keep tightly closed.

Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid : Do not store with the following product types:

Strong oxidizing agents

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
amitraz (ISO)	33089-61-1	TWA	20 μg/m3 (OEB 3)	Internal
		Wipe limit	200 μg/100 cm ²	Internal
Calcium carbonate	471-34-1	TWA	10 mg/m3 (Calcium car- bonate)	AU OEL

Occupational exposure limits of decomposition products

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis		
Formaldehyde	50-00-0	STEL	2 ppm 2.5 mg/m3	AUOEL		
		Further information: Category 2 (Carc. 2) Suspected human carcinogen, Sensitiser				
		TWA	1 ppm 1.2 mg/m3	AUOEL		
		Further information: Category 2 (Carc. 2) Suspected human carcinogen, Sensitiser				
		TWA	0.1 ppm	ACGIH		
		STEL	0.3 ppm	ACGIH		

Engineering measures : All engineering controls should be implemented by facility

design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to



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protect products, workers, and the environment.

Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., open-face con-

tainment devices).
Minimize open handling.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or expo-

sure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the rec-

ommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Filter type Hand protection Combined particulates and inorganic gas/vapour type

Material : Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks : Consider double gloving.

Eye protection : Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.

If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions,

mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.

Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or

aerosols.

Skin and body protection : Work uniform or laboratory coat.

Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, dis-

posable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces.

Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially

contaminated clothing.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : powder

Colour : white

grey

Odour : No data available

Odour Threshold : No data available

pH : No data available

Melting point/freezing point : No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling:

range

No data available

Flash point : Not applicable

Evaporation rate : Not applicable

Flammability (solid, gas) : May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, han-

dling or other means.



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Flammability (liquids) : No data available

Upper explosion limit / Upper :

flammability limit

No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower :

flammability limit

No data available

Vapour pressure : Not applicable

Relative vapour density : Not applicable

Relative density : No data available

Density : No data available

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : No data available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not applicable

Auto-ignition temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, kinematic : Not applicable

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Molecular weight : No data available

Particle size : No data available

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard. Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reac-

tions

May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, han-

dling or other means.

Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous decomposition products will be formed upon con-

tact with water or humid air.

Conditions to avoid : Exposure to moisture

Heat, flames and sparks. Avoid dust formation.

Incompatible materials : Oxidizing agents

Water

Hazardous decomposition products



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Contact with water or humid

air

: Formaldehyde

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Exposure routes : Inhalation

Skin contact Ingestion Eye contact

Acute toxicity

Harmful if swallowed.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 946.17 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 5 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: Calculation method

Components:

amitraz (ISO):

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 400 mg/kg

LD50 (Mouse): > 1,085 mg/kg

LD50 (Guinea pig): > 400 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : Remarks: No data available

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 1,600 mg/kg

Calcium carbonate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 420

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral tox-

icity

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 3 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity



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Nonylphenol, ethoxylated:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 500 - 2,000 mg/kg

Paraformaldehyde:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male): 592 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 1.07 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 10,000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

amitraz (ISO):

Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation

Calcium carbonate:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

Nonylphenol, ethoxylated:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

Paraformaldehyde:

Species : Rabbit Result : Skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Components:

amitraz (ISO):

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Calcium carbonate:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405



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Nonylphenol, ethoxylated:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Irreversible effects on the eye Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Paraformaldehyde:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Irreversible effects on the eye

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

amitraz (ISO):

Test Type : Maximisation Test

Exposure routes : Dermal Species : Guinea pig

Result : Not a skin sensitizer.

Calcium carbonate:

Test Type : Local lymph node assay (LLNA)

Exposure routes : Skin contact Species : Mouse

Method : OECD Test Guideline 429

Result : negative

Nonylphenol, ethoxylated:

Test Type : Maximisation Test
Exposure routes : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Result : negative

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Paraformaldehyde:

Test Type : Local lymph node assay (LLNA)

Exposure routes : Skin contact Species : Mouse Result : positive

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Assessment : Probability or evidence of high skin sensitisation rate in hu-

mans



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Chronic toxicity

Germ cell mutagenicity

Suspected of causing genetic defects.

Components:

amitraz (ISO):

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Result: negative

Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA syn-

thesis in mammalian cells (in vitro)

Result: negative

Calcium carbonate:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative

Nonylphenol, ethoxylated:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Paraformaldehyde:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: positive

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Result: positive

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: in vitro micronucleus test

Result: positive

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA syn-



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thesis in mammalian cells (in vitro)

Result: positive

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: In vitro sister chromatid exchange assay in mam-

malian cells Result: positive

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay)

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (vapour)

Result: positive

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: positive

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

Positive result(s) from in vivo mammalian somatic cell muta-

genicity tests.

Carcinogenicity

May cause cancer.

Components:

amitraz (ISO):

Species : Rat
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 2 Years

NOAEL : > 10.18 mg/kg body weight

Result : negative

Species : Mouse Exposure time : 2 Years

LOAEL : 2.3 mg/kg body weight

Result : positive

Target Organs : Liver, Stomach

Paraformaldehyde:

Species : Rat

Application Route : Ingestion Exposure time : 105 weeks Result : negative

Species : Rat
Application Route : Inhalation
Exposure time : 28 Months
Result : positive

12/20



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Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

: Sufficient evidence of carcinogenicity in animal experiments

Reproductive toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

amitraz (ISO):

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Three-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

Fertility: NOAEL: > 4.8 mg/kg body weight

Result: No significant adverse effects were reported

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 3 mg/kg body weight Remarks: No significant adverse effects were reported

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Rabbit

Application Route: Oral

Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 5 mg/kg body weight

Result: Effects on foetal development

Calcium carbonate:

Effects on fertility: Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the

reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Result: negative

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

Result: negative

STOT - single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Paraformaldehyde:

Assessment : May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT - repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs (Liver, Central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.



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Components:

amitraz (ISO):

Target Organs : Liver, Central nervous system

Assessment : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

amitraz (ISO):

Species : Mouse
NOAEL : 3 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 90 Days
Target Organs : Liver

Species : Dog NOAEL : 0.25 mg/kg Application Route : Oral Exposure time : 90 Days

Target Organs : Central nervous system, Liver

Calcium carbonate:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : > 1,000 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 28 Days

Method : OECD Test Guideline 422

Paraformaldehyde:

Species : Rat, male
NOAEL : 15 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 105 Weeks

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Experience with human exposure

Components:

amitraz (ISO):

Ingestion : Target Organs: Central nervous system



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SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

amitraz (ISO):

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 0.45 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.035 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.04

mg/l

Exposure time: 91 h

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.00148

mg/l

Exposure time: 32 d

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.0011 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Calcium carbonate:

Toxicity to fish : LL50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other:

aquatic invertebrates

EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

NOELR (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 50

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

EL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 100

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to microorganisms : NOEC: 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

EC50: > 1,000 mg/l Exposure time: 3 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209



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Nonylphenol, ethoxylated:

Toxicity to daphnia and other:

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia sp. (water flea)): 1.82 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 20 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Paraformaldehyde:

Toxicity to fish : LC50: > 1 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia pulex (Water flea)): > 1 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 1 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC (Oryzias latipes (Orange-red killifish)): > 1 mg/l

Exposure time: 28 d

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50: > 10 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Nonylphenol, ethoxylated:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 97 % Exposure time: 30 d

Paraformaldehyde:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials



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Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

amitraz (ISO):

Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish) Bioaccumulation

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 1.333

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 5.5

Nonylphenol, ethoxylated:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 4.48

Paraformaldehyde:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: -1.40

Remarks: Calculation

Mobility in soil

Components:

amitraz (ISO):

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

log Koc: 3.3

Other adverse effects

Components:

Nonylphenol, ethoxylated:

Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

This substance is considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is considered to be very

persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste han-Contaminated packaging

dling site for recycling or disposal.

If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG

UN number UN 3077

ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, Proper shipping name

N.O.S.

(amitraz (ISO), Nonylphenol, ethoxylated)

Class 9



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Packing group : III Labels : 9

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No. : UN 3077

Proper shipping name : Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s.

(amitraz (ISO), Nonylphenol, ethoxylated)

Class : 9 Packing group : III

Labels : Miscellaneous

Packing instruction (cargo : 956

aircraft)

Packing instruction (passen: :

ger aircraft)

Environmentally hazardous : yes

IMDG-Code

UN number : UN 3077

Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID,

N.O.S.

956

(amitraz (ISO), Nonylphenol, ethoxylated)

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9
EmS Code : F-A, S-F
Marine pollutant : yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

National Regulations

ADG

UN number : UN 3077

Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID,

N.O.S.

(amitraz (ISO), Nonylphenol, ethoxylated)

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9
Hazchem Code : 2Z

Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Prohibition/Licensing Requirements : There is no applicable prohibition,

authorisation and restricted use requirements, including for carcinogens referred to in Schedule 10 of



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the model WHS Act and Regula-

tions.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AICS not determined

DSL not determined

IECSC not determined

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

Revision Date 09.04.2022

Sources of key data used to

compile the Safety Data

Sheet

Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD

eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agen-

cy, http://echa.europa.eu/

Date format dd.mm.yyyy

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

AU OEL Australia. Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Con-

taminants

ACGIH / TWA 8-hour, time-weighted average ACGIH / STEL Short-term exposure limit

AU OEL / TWA Exposure standard - time weighted average Exposure standard - short term exposure limit AU OEL / STEL

AllC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR -Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals: OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development: OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention: PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No



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1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

AU/EN